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# Iron County Register.

BY ELI D. AKE.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a Year, in Advance

VOLUME XXV.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1892.

NUMBER 52.

## Official Directory.

**MEMBER OF CONGRESS:**  
HON. SAMUEL BYRNS, Tenth District,  
Potosi, Mo.  
U. S. LAND OFFICE—J. C. NELL,  
Register, Wm. B. NEWMAN, Receiver—  
Ironton, Mo.  
J. FRANK GREEN, Judge Twenty-Sixth  
Judicial, De Soto, Mo.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY IRON COUNTY.

**COURTS:**  
Circuit Court is held on the  
Fourth Monday in April and October.  
County Court convenes on the  
First Monday of March, June, September  
and December.  
Probate Court is held on the First  
Monday in February, May, August and No-  
vember.

**OFFICERS:**  
A. W. HOLLOMAN, Presiding Judge County  
Court.  
CHARLES HART, County Judge, South  
District.  
E. L. HILL, County Judge, Western Dis-  
trict.  
J. S. JORDAN, Prosecuting Attorney.  
P. W. WHITFORTH, Clerk.  
W. A. FLETCHER, County Clerk.  
JAS. HUFF, Circuit Clerk.  
FRANK DINGER, Probate Judge.  
D. E. BAKER, Treasurer.  
W. H. FISHER, Sheriff.  
S. P. REYBURN, Assessor.  
G. W. HILL, Coroner.  
J. T. AKE, Public Adm'r, Ironton.  
A. W. HOLLOMAN, Surveyor.  
A. P. VANCE, School Commissioner.

## CHURCHES:

**CATHOLIC CHURCH, Arcadia College**  
and Pilot Knob. L. C. WICKERT, Rector.  
High Mass and sermon at Arcadia College  
every Sunday at 8 o'clock A. M. Vespers and  
Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 4  
o'clock P. M. High Mass and Sermon and  
Benediction at Pilot Knob Catholic Church  
at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Sunday School for  
children at 1:30 o'clock P. M.  
M. E. CHURCH, Cor. Reynolds and  
Mountain Streets, L. H. TRIMBLE, Pastor.  
Residence: Ironton. Services every Sab-  
bath excepting the first of each month at 11  
A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Sunday School 9:30  
A. M. Class Meeting Sunday afternoon at 3  
o'clock. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening.  
All are invited.  
M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, Fort Hill,  
between Ironton and Arcadia. Rev. H.  
WHITFORTH, Pastor. Services every Sun-  
day, at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting  
every Wednesday evening, 7 o'clock. Sab-  
bath School at 9 o'clock A. M.  
BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison street,  
near Knob street, 3. M. SHOUSH, Pastor.  
Residence: Ironton. Preaching on every  
Saturday before the first Sunday of each  
month at 2:30 P. M. and on the first and third  
Sundays at 11 A. M. Sunday School every  
Sunday at 9:30 A. M. and Prayer Meeting  
every Tuesday evening at 7:30 P. M.  
LUTHERAN CHURCH, Pilot Knob.  
Rev. OTTO PRAEF, Pastor.  
M. E. CHURCH, Corner Shepherd  
and Washington streets, Ironton. D. J.  
KENOLY, pastor.

## SOCIETIES:

IRON LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F.,  
meets every Monday at its hall, corner Main  
and Madison streets. A. P. VANCE, N. G.  
J. S. JORDAN, Secretary.  
IRONTON ENCAMPMENT, No. 29, I.  
O. O. F., meets on the first and third Thurs-  
day evenings of each month in Odd-Fel-  
lows' Hall, corner Main and Madison streets.  
AUG. RUCK, C. P. J. T. BALDWIN, Sec'y.  
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 133,  
A. F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall, corner  
Main and Madison streets, on Saturday of or  
preceding full moon. W. B. EDGAR, W. M.  
W. A. FLETCHER, Secretary.  
MIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 71, R. A.,  
meets at the Masonic Hall on the first and  
third Tuesday of each month, at 7 P. M. W.  
B. EDGAR, M. E. H. P. E. D. AKE, Sec-  
retary.  
VALLEY LODGE, No. 1870,  
KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meets in  
Odd-Fellows' Hall every alternate  
Wednesday evenings. J. B. WALKER,  
D. A. HURRY, Reporter.  
EASTERN STAR LODGE, No. 62, A.  
F. & A. M. (colored), meets on the second  
Saturday of each month.  
IRON POST, No. 346, G. A. R.,  
meets the 2d and 4th Saturdays  
of each month at 2 P. M.  
FRANK DINGER, P. C.  
C. R. PECK, Adj't.  
IRONTON CAMP, No. 160, Sons of  
Veterans, meets every 1st and 3rd Satur-  
day evening, each month, and every Tuesday  
evening for drill. C. C. DINGER,  
C. R. PECK, Camp Commander.  
PILOT KNOB.  
PILOT KNOB LODGE, No. 253, A. O.  
U. W., meets every 2d and 4th Friday  
evenings, 7:30 P. M., upstairs in Union  
Church.  
PILOT KNOB LODGE, No. 156, I. O. O.  
F., meets every Tuesday evening at their  
hall. CHAS. MASCHMEYER, Secretary.  
IRON LODGE, No. 30, SONS OF HER-  
MAN, meets on the second and last Sunday  
of each month. WM. STEFFENS, President.  
VAL. EFFINGER, Secretary.  
IRON MOUNTAIN.  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 430,  
A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday night on or  
before the full moon. LOUIS PETTIT, W. M.  
J. A. PARKER, Secretary.  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 290, I.  
O. F., meets Wednesday night of each week.  
JNO. DOWNEY, N. G.  
J. A. PARKER, Sec'y.  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 293,  
A. O. U. W., meets on the first and third  
Friday of each month.  
BELLEVUE.  
MOSAIC LODGE No. 351, A. F. & A.  
M., meets on Saturday night of or after the  
full moon. E. M. LOGAN, W. M. R. J.  
HILL, Secretary.

**S. E. STRONG, M. D.,**  
IRONTON, MO.  
OFFICE HOURS: 10 to 3 P. M., and 6 to 8 P. M.

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GUM-ELASTIC ROOFING FELT costs  
only \$2.00 per 100 square feet. Makes a good  
roof for years, and any one can put it on.  
GUM-ELASTIC PAINT costs only 60 cents  
per gal. in bulk, or \$1.50 for 5-gal. tubs.  
Color dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or  
iron roofs that will last for years. Try it.  
Send stamp for samples and full particu-  
lars.  
GUM ELASTIC ROOFING CO.,  
29 & 41 West Broadway, New York.  
Local Agents Wanted.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that  
I recommend it as superior to any prescription  
known to me." H. A. ACHESON, M. D.,  
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.  
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation,  
Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption,  
Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes di-  
gestion. Without injurious medication.  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

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A FULL NEW  
STOCK  
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Repairing and  
Cleaning  
Promptly Done  
AT REASONABLE CHARGE.



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## P. R. CRISP

Ironton, Missouri,

DEALER IN

EVERYTHING SOLD IN A FIRST-CLASS

## Drug Store

Just Received, a Large Stock of

Seasonable Goods,  
Guaranteed to be the Best.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

To Compounding Physicians' Prescriptions and Family  
Recipes at All Hours. All the

STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES  
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Will take Pleasure in Obtaining for You any Medicine, or  
Other Article, on Short Notice.  
COME AND SEE US

## Livery Stable and Feed Store.

WM. HILLS,  
PROPRIETOR.  
Horses, Hacks,  
and Buggies,  
FOR HIRE.

Corn, Baled Hay, Etc., for Sale!  
ALSO STONE-COAL & WOOD.  
Free Delivery. OPP. EMERSON'S PARK.

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—DEALER IN—

ICE! ICE! ICE!  
IRONTON, MO.

Delivery to Any Place in the Valley Ev-  
ery Morning!

RATE---40c per 100 lbs., or 1/2c per pound  
on less quantities. Special Rates on Large  
Orders. Applications by Mail prompt-  
ly attended to.

## Cleveland and Harrison.

The nomination of these two by their  
respective parties presents their re-  
spective administrations as object les-  
sons to guide voters interpreting the  
platforms adopted at Minneapolis and  
Chicago.

For the first time in the history of  
the country the two great parties have  
nominated men who have both been  
tried in the Presidency and from whom  
the people know just what to expect.

We know that Harrison stands for  
enormous expenditures, including lav-  
ish subsidies to favored private inter-  
ests, and for increasing taxation laid  
on labor's earnings for the enrichment  
of trusts and tariff barons. The no-  
mination of Harrison was an endorse-  
ment of this feature of his administra-  
tion and gives this plain meaning to  
whatever the Minneapolis platform may  
say on the subject.

Whatever that platform may say  
against trusts, we find its meaning in  
the fact that the anti-trust law approved  
by him has been for more than two  
years utterly useless and inoperative  
in his hand, and that his nomination  
for a second term is an endorsement of  
that feature of his administration.

The Lodge Force Bill which Harri-  
son forced upon his party as an admin-  
istration measure was also approved  
and endorsed by the vote which nomi-  
nated him, and this is the official in-  
terpretation of what the platform says  
on the subject of free and fair elections.

On the other hand, the nomination  
of Cleveland makes the record of his  
administration the official interpreter  
of his party's platform as to appropri-  
ations, expenditures, taxation, civil  
service, foreign policy, the silver  
question and everything referred to in  
the convention's resolutions. The  
people will choose between his use of  
the patronage and Harrison's, his pol-  
icy of peace and economy with tax re-  
duction and Harrison's policy of jingo-  
ism, high taxes, lavish expenditures  
and legislation for the aggrandizement  
of the plutocracy and the federal ex-  
ecutive.

In 1888, with Cleveland's record in  
office before them, the people gave him  
a plurality of 88,017 over Harrison,  
but the latter was made President by  
the electoral college. The people pre-  
ferred Cleveland when the record of  
his entire administration was under  
fire, and when nothing could be said  
against the new and untired Harrison.  
Now it is Harrison whose administra-  
tion is under fire, and whose former  
partisans are soured by disappoint-  
ments.

The only election which has turned  
upon a comparison of the two adminis-  
trations, was that of 1890, and in that  
election the Democrats not only carried  
New York but enough States to elect  
Cleveland without New York.

But a third party has since sprung  
up—a party which may gain many  
votes opposed to the attitude of both  
Cleveland and Harrison on the silver  
question. Whether this new party  
will draw most votes from Cleveland or  
Harrison is the unknown quantity that  
must be known before November's  
chances can be calculated.

If, as we believe, there is more dis-  
satisfaction with Harrison's adminis-  
tration in Republican States, than with  
Cleveland's administration in the States  
that went Democratic two years ago,  
that fact would seem in the light of  
that election to make Harrison's chance  
of success in this election very slim  
indeed. And if the third party throws  
the election into the House it is Cleve-  
land's by a large majority.—Post-Dis-  
patch.

## Canada and the United States.

It is manifest that the Canadian Gov-  
ernment is disposed to make itself of-  
fensive to us. No equitable reciprocity  
with Canada is possible at present. It  
persists in denying to our citizens  
rights guaranteed by treaty, and the  
recent conference concerning the dis-  
crimination against us in the matter of  
the tolls on Canadian canals has come  
to naught.

The course for us to pursue, then,  
is plain. We must leave Canada to get  
along without help from us. Of neces-  
sity, its prosperity depends upon its  
trade with us. We are its nearest and  
best customers. If it wants to fight  
with its bread and butter, let it wage  
the contest.

This petty dependency of Great Brit-  
ain is sacrificing its own welfare in the  
effort to spite this great country, which  
meanwhile is drawing from it the life  
blood of its enterprise. Apart from us,  
and with whatever encouragement we  
may give it, Canada will always be en-  
gaged in a hopeless and a ruinous com-  
petition. Yet in its blindness it pur-  
sues a policy which intensifies the com-  
petition and hastens its doom. Its  
population, unable to get along at  
home, are coming to us. Its oldest

and richest provinces are falling back-  
ward. Its farms are decreasing in  
value, though, simultaneously, the pub-  
lic debt grows larger and already con-  
stitutes a burden under which even a  
strong and growing State would be  
restive.

If Canada elects to go on in this  
course of decay, it is not our business  
to interfere with its suicidal intention.  
We can only stand aloof and let the  
Dominion take the consequences of its  
folly and its silly spirit of opposition to  
us and its own interests.

The result will be that Canada will  
be poorer when it comes knocking for  
admission into the great republican  
Union. It may have barely strength  
enough to drag itself to the door and  
utter its plea and plaint to get in. It  
is not a case of starving an enemy into  
submission. It is a case of allowing a  
competitor to dash its head against a  
wall that it will not pass through the  
gate that leads to life and prosper-  
ity.

A great republic of 75,000,000 peo-  
ple is bound to beat down such feeble  
competition, and it needs only to stand  
still to crush it out. Let Canada try to  
get along without us while we show it  
how easy it is for us to get along with-  
out Canada.

Conference and negotiations have  
not taught Canada wisdom. Now let  
her learn from the experience of being  
left to herself while we go our way  
without undertaking to make any terms  
with her.—N. Y. Sun.

## Harrison's Administration.

This week Harrison accepted the re-  
nomination for President, and being  
now fully before the country, the ques-  
tion before the people to consider is  
what claim he has for a renewal of the  
honor he has enjoyed for one term.  
We assert and are prepared to show  
that at the hands of the people, not  
even the people of his own party, has  
he any just claim, nor is there any  
proper reason why he should be so re-  
warded.

As a precedent of history, it is a fact  
that no President was ever called to a  
second term unless the exigencies  
marking the close of the first required  
the incumbent to assume the second  
term in order to carry forward impor-  
tant and unfinished plans and policies.  
Let us enumerate. Washington was  
given a second term because the organ-  
ization of the government was not com-  
pleted at the end of the first term, and  
he alone had the influence and ability  
to complete it. Jefferson was recalled  
because the Louisiana purchase was on  
hand at the close of his first term and  
it was necessary that he should  
fully consummate and adjust the great  
continental acquisition. Madison had  
two terms on account of the existence  
of the war with Great Britain. When  
Monroe ended his first term the "era  
of good feeling" had set in, there were  
really no parties, and he was re-elected  
without serious opposition. Jackson  
was twice elected on account of the ter-  
rible financial crisis. Lincoln because  
of the rebellion, and Grant because of  
the pendency of the reconstruction  
measures. Those who had one term  
only were the two Adams', Van Buren,  
the elder Harrison, Polk, Taylor-Fill-  
more, Pierce, Buchanan, Hayes, Gar-  
field-Arthur, Cleveland and the present  
incumbent. Thus out of 16 Presidents  
only 7 had two terms and there were  
public reasons and a national necessity  
in each case why they should them.

Now, what has the present Harrison  
done why he should have a second  
term? During the first two years of  
his administration he had both the  
Senate and House to do his bidding,  
and they passed every bill demanded  
by his party platform except the Force  
Bill. The only reason that can be pos-  
sibly be given why he should have a  
second term is to pass a Force Bill.  
But that infamous measure was an is-  
sue in the campaign of 1890 and it was  
repudiated by a popular majority of a  
half million of votes. When it comes  
to giving reasons why Harrison should  
not have a second term they are as  
thick as blackberries in July. We will  
have occasion to dwell upon them at  
large during the campaign. For the  
present they will only in part be briefly  
summarized.

Let us look at a few. He appointed  
Wannamaker, who was ignorant of  
public business, Postmaster General for  
the reason alone that he raised \$400,-  
000 to secure his election, wrecking  
two banks in the process.

He turned out an honest, though lib-  
eral, pension commissioner, Tanner,  
and put in Raum, who gave preference  
to pension attorneys in consideration  
of large sums of money paid him.

During the first two years of his ad-  
ministration the surplus of \$100,000,-  
000 left by Cleveland was squandered  
and he encouraged his Congress to  
spend the monstrous sum of a billion  
of dollars.

He permitted the murder of a pas-  
senger on an American ship under the  
American flag by Dictator Barillas and  
made no demand for reparation or  
apology from him or his government.

He was only prevented from plung-  
ing the country in a wicked war with  
Chili by the prudence, wisdom and  
statesmanship of Blaine.

He favored the seal monopoly in or-  
der to enable Elkins and his gang to  
make millions of dollars out of it and  
then gave him a place in his Cabinet.  
He promoted Judge Woodson on the  
Federal bench because he shielded his  
tool, Dudley, for crimes against the  
ballot box, to carry Indiana for him-  
self and but for which he would have  
been in the penitentiary. But enough  
for the present. For these and scores  
of similar wrongs Benjamin Harrison  
will be weighed in the balance and will  
be found wanting.—Clayton Argus.

## Third Party Notions.

Among the many demands made by  
the third party in Kansas is one for  
government telephones. This is but a  
sample of what this deluded party asks  
from the general government. Evidently  
it has never occurred to these  
people that the government is not an  
elemosynary institution and that some-  
thing depends upon each citizen. The  
main idea of the third party seems to  
be that the government should be so  
organized that the people would prac-  
tically have nothing to do but enjoy its  
munificence, as a trifling son enjoys  
the earnings of an indulgent father.

Of course, there is a great amount of  
worry and sorrow connected with the  
battle of life, even in this country, and  
at times life seems scarcely worth liv-  
ing, but this is imposed by a Power  
beyond our control. The duty of ev-  
ery citizen is to bear his burden and  
manfully overcome adversities. The  
government cannot become a wet nurse  
for everyone and, while it is lamentably  
a fact that the federal laws make  
distinctions, yet the remedy is not to  
be found by the average citizen quietly  
folding his hands and waiting for the  
government to relieve him of debt and  
provide for his future existence.

The people of this country are indus-  
trious and energetic and they want a  
business government, not one devoted  
to charity; they want a government  
that will not unnecessarily expend pub-  
lic money or levy unjust taxes. They  
don't expect the government to do for a  
private citizen what he can do for him-  
self. Whenever the government de-  
serts its proper functions and seeks to  
relieve the citizen of all responsibilities  
the rise and fall of the great Ameri-  
can republic can be written.—Jefferson  
City Tribune.

## An Incident of Protection.

"Carnegie, Phipps & Co. have built  
a big wire fence around their steel  
works at Homestead, Pa.," remarked  
Lewis Meyers, of Scranton, at the  
Southern yesterday. "There are over  
three miles of the fence, and it consists  
of five stands of barbed wire. It is  
said to be so arranged that every wire  
can be charged with electricity, and for  
this reason it is supposed that it  
has been built to keep strikers away  
from the big plant in times of strife.  
The laborers are causing no trouble  
there now, but a big strike is expected  
there any day, and when it comes it  
will be a terrific struggle between the  
firm and the Amalgamated Association.  
The firm, in addition to building the  
fence, has erected a big, indestructible  
iron trestle leading from the office  
buildings to the works, and all work-  
men are now required to enter the  
works by the way of this bridge. In  
fact, there is no other entrance. I  
think a big strike will be on at Home-  
stead by July 1."—Globe-Democrat.

## A Menace to Labor.

The attitude of the wage-workers  
toward the Republican national ticket  
is exciting a very large share of public  
interest. The bitterness of the Repub-  
lican leaders toward organized labor  
has been an open secret for years, but  
during the last two presidential cam-  
paigns they have managed to hire such  
of the orators among the labor organi-  
zations as were for sale and avoid a  
direct conflict by keeping the free trade  
scare-crow well to the front.

But this time the party has a differ-  
ent element of the wage-workers or-  
ganizations to deal with—probably the  
most intelligent of all—the Typograph-  
ical union. For years Whitelaw Reid,  
the Republican nominee for vice Presi-  
dent, has waged a senseless persecution  
against the organization, as well as  
organized labor generally, and his im-  
mense wealth enabled him to keep the  
better of the fight. Since his nomina-  
tion he has endeavored to make terms  
with a few officials of the particular  
branch of the union on which he in-  
flicted the most damage in years, but

## JOB-WORK.

The REGISTER'S facilities for doing job  
work are unsurpassed in Southeast Missouri,  
and we turn out the best of work, such as

POSTERS BILL-HEADS LETTER-HEADS  
STATEMENTS,  
Envelopes, Cards, Dodgers,  
BRIEFS, PAMPHLETS, ETC.

AT LOW PRICES.

it is evident that he will not be able to  
make peace now that the entire organ-  
ization has an opportunity to even up  
matters with him.

The Typographical union is recog-  
nized and encouraged by nearly every  
newspaper of any size in the United  
States, except in the New York Trib-  
une (Mr. Reid's) office. He started out  
with the intention of breaking up the  
organization which all newspaper man-  
agers commend. As the organ of the  
millions Mr. Reid's paper sought to  
cripple and degrade the printer's  
organization. It had not offered him  
any affront, but the mere fact that its  
power was deemed too extensive con-  
stituted sufficient grounds for the at-  
tack.

With this record of open defiance  
and malignant persecution of wage-  
workers the Republican party has faced  
the country and will again trust to its  
old trick of avoiding an open conflict  
with the labor element by hiring all the  
mercenary demagogues it can find to  
try and cover up its treachery and  
hatred of that vast army of men who  
must toil by the day or night for a liv-  
ing. If organized labor does not op-  
pose such a ticket it will thereby forfeit  
all right to be respected.—Jefferson  
City Tribune.

## FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

For Only Forty Cents the Twice-a-  
Week St. Louis Republic.

will be mailed each Tuesday and Fri-  
day, from now until Nov. 30th, 1892.  
It is a great semi-weekly paper, and  
will be indispensable during the cam-  
paign. An extra copy will be sent  
free to Nov. 30th, to the sender of each  
club of five, with Two Dollars. Send  
for a package of sample copies and  
raise a club. Address, The Republic,  
St. Louis, Mo.

## The "Sun" Falls Into Line.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The Sun this  
morning in commenting upon the Chi-  
cago nominations, says:

There is one question depending on  
the election of the next President,  
which in its momentous importance  
and vital imperative must seem to  
every philosophic observer to exceed  
every other political question that the  
people are now called upon to deter-  
mine. We mean the question whether  
these Southern States which have in-  
herited a negro population surpassing  
the numbers of their white citizens,  
shall, by federal law and federal mil-  
itia force be subjected to the political  
domination of the negro. The Repub-  
lican party is by its nature and tradi-  
tions under the necessity of enacting  
and executing an election law whose  
purpose and effect will be to put the  
negroes in control of several of the  
Southern States. On the other hand,  
and by the nature of the ideas involved  
the success of the Democracy is death  
to the force bill project. Killed in this  
election, it can never be revived. In  
this view of the contest no conscien-  
tious Democrat can hesitate from doing  
his duty. Better for the liberty and  
white government of the Southern States  
even if the candidate were the  
devil himself rather than consent to the  
election of respectable Benj. Harrison  
with a force bill in his pocket.

Those who have been charged with  
the preparation of the Turkish exhibit  
at the World's Fair are making very  
extensive preparations to have it of  
superior merit and interest. They will  
 charter a large ship to transport the  
exhibit. They will bring over 400  
native Turks arrayed in their national  
costumes. They will reproduce at  
Chicago a street in Constantinople with  
all its peculiar crookedness and narrow-  
ness and its interesting bazars and res-  
taurants. The bazars will be filled with  
salable articles of Turkish manufacture.  
The expedition to Chicago will start  
from Constantinople and will call at all  
Turkish ports for reinforcements and  
articles to be placed on exhibition.  
Adrianapolis and Philippolis have  
captured the fever and will do quite as  
much as the capital to make the Turk-  
ish exhibit a success. The exhibit will  
include a reproduction in miniature of  
the Mosque of St. Sophia. This has  
never been reproduced in any Christian  
country, and for its reproduction at  
Chicago special permission of the Sul-  
tan had to be obtained.

## Notice.

I hereby repeat the notice heretofore  
given in this paper that I will be re-  
sponsible for no bills contracted in this  
Valley by any other person than my-  
self or my wife. If employees of mine  
are trusted it must be at the peril of  
the creditor. Wm. H. Thomson.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever  
Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chil-  
blains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions,  
and positively cures Erysipelas, or no pay  
required. It is guaranteed to give per-  
fect satisfaction, or money refunded.  
Price 25 cents per box. For sale by P.  
P. Crisp.

**Children Cry for  
Pitcher's Castoria.**